

Kit #152A • W1

Tara Atacama Chardonnay Atacama Chile 2021

Selected by: Master Sommelier Evan Goldstein, Master Sommelier Rebecca Fineman, and Master Sommelier Vince Morrow



Final Deductions

VINTAGE 2021 GRAPE Chardonnay GEOGRAPHY Not Europe COUNTRY Chile LARGER REGION Atacama SMALLER REGION Huasco

Rationale

Chardonnay can be excellent at absorbing– and reflecting– the terroir of where it's grown. Originating from France's Burgundy and Champagne regions, this grape is found throughout South America and, as elsewhere in the world, can produce a range of still and sparkling styles that range from the pedestrian to the sublime. Finding the right terroir while judiciously managing the use of oak (used for fermentation and aging) is key for this "queen" of white wines. Few grapes have witnessed as much improvement in South America as Chardonnay, as new, cooler-climate areas have been

discovered and planted. Only a few years ago, Chile was most known for its abundance of correct, mainstream, but uninspiring Chardonnay– striking the two notes of ripe fruit and ample oak. However, as cooler spots have been identified, quality is improving.

Among these new cooler areas, many winemakers are keen on Limarí– approximately 625 feet above sea level, where clay-rich limestone soils give elegance, verve, and a kiss of salinity. Limarí Valley is one of the northernmost wine-growing regions in Chile, located 200 miles north of Santiago. Because of its proximity to the equator (not to mention the world's driest desert, the Atacama), the Limarí Valley is hot and relatively dry. It is cooler and greener than the land on either side of it, thanks almost entirely to the narrow gap the Limarí River has created in the coastal hills

Since its founding in 2001, Ventisquero has been located at the coastal end of Maipo, on the Trinidad estate. The loquacious and talented Felipe Tosso has been head winemaker of Ventisquero since day one. Tara is a 32-acre project in the far north of the country. Planted in the Atacama Desert, the vines experience windy and dry conditions with twice daily fog episodes, known as the camanchaca. Temperatures remain cool, not rising above 25 degrees and falling away at night. The principal challenge of this location is the amount of salt in the soil; the vineyard soil contains over 20 times the level of salt that vines are believed to be able to tolerate. This means that Ventisquero must irrigate the vines for 20-hour periods in order to remove the salt and allow the vines to absorb both moisture and nutrients– truly a labor of passion!

Sight	Aroma & Taste
BRIGHTNESS Bright CLARITY Hazy	CITRUS FRUIT Lemon • Lime • Mandarin • Tangerine • Meyer Lemon Condition: Fresh, Jammy / Candied, Ripe Part: Flesh, Peel / Zest
COLOR DEPTH Medium COLOR Yellow HIGHLIGHTS None BUBBLES No	TREE/VINE FRUITApple (Green) • Pear (Green) • Pear (Asian) • Apple (Yellow)Condition: Fresh, RipeSTONE FRUITApricot • Nectarine (White) • Nectarine (Yellow)Condition: Under Ripe / Tart, Fresh, RipeTROPICAL FRUITPineapple • Banana • Starfruit • Kiwi • Young Coconut
	Condition: Under Ripe / Tart, Fresh, Ripe FLORAL Apple Blossom • Honeysuckle • Magnolia • Jasmine • Lemon / Lime Blossom Condition: Fresh, Dried
Structure	OTHER VEGETABLE Corn • Squash / Pumpkin • Mushrooms (White) • Ginger / Root
RESIDUAL SUGAR Dry ACID Med+ ALCOHOL Med+ PHENOLS None TEXTURE Lean / Tart FINISH Med+	HERBAL Chive • Lemon Grass • Chamomile • Chervil • Verbena OTHER SPICES Ginger Powder • Sesame / Candy INORGANIC EARTH Mineral / Rock • Salinity / Seashell OAK AGING No OXIDATION/NUTTINESS Hazelnut • Almond / Marzipan • Macadamia • Cashew • Peanut / Shell PERCEIVED WINEMAKING CHOICES Lees Contact • Malolactic (ML) • Skin Contact

COMPLEXITY Med+